DC25
Analog Output
DuraCoder
**GENERAL INFORMATION**

**Important User Information**

The products and application data described in this manual are useful in a wide variety of different applications. Therefore, the user and others responsible for applying these products described herein are responsible for determining the acceptability for each application. While efforts have been made to provide accurate information within this manual, AMCI assumes no responsibility for the application or the completeness of the information contained herein.

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**24 Hour Technical Support Number**

24 Hour technical support is available on this product. If you have internet access, start at www.amci.com. Product documentation and FAQ’s are available on the site that answer most common questions.

If you require additional technical support, call (860) 583-1254. Your call will be answered by the factory during regular business hours, Monday through Friday, 8AM - 5PM Eastern. During non-business hours an automated system will ask you to enter the telephone number you can be reached at. Please remember to include your area code. The system will page an engineer on call. Please have your product model number and a description of the problem ready before you call.

**We Want Your Feedback**

Manuals at AMCI are constantly evolving entities. Your questions and comments on this manual are both welcomed and necessary if this manual is to be improved. Please direct all comments to: Technical Documentation, AMCI, 20 Gear Drive, Terryville CT 06786, or fax us at (860) 584-1973. You can also e-mail your questions and comments to techsupport@amci.com
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ABOUT THIS MANUAL

Read this chapter to learn how to navigate through this manual and familiarize yourself with the conventions used in it. The last section of this chapter highlights the manual's remaining chapters and their target audience.

Audience
This manual explains the installation and operation of AMCI’s DC25 series of resolver based encoders with analog outputs. It is written for the engineer responsible for incorporating the DC25 into a design as well as the engineer or technician responsible for its actual installation.

Applicable Units
This manual is applicable to all DC25 encoders with analog outputs. All of these units offer 12 bit position resolution per turn. Outputs include multiple voltage and current options. If you need a higher position resolution, or an analog output that spans multiple turns, consider using the AMCI DC60 line of analog encoders, which offers up to 16 bit position resolution.

Navigating this Manual
This manual is designed to be used in both printed and on-line forms. Its on-line form is a PDF document, which requires Adobe Acrobat Reader version 7.0+ to open it. You are allowed to select and copy sections for use in other documents. If you own Adobe Acrobat Reader version X+ or Adobe Acrobat version 7.0+, you are allowed to add notes and annotations. If you decide to print out this manual, all sections contain an even number of pages which allows you to easily print out a single chapter on a duplex (two-sided) printer.

Manual Conventions
Three icons are used to highlight important information in the manual:

- **NOTE** highlight important concepts, decisions you must make, or the implications of those decisions.
- **CAUTION** tell you when equipment may be damaged if the procedure is not followed properly.
- **WARNING** tell you when people may be hurt or equipment may be damaged if the procedure is not followed properly.

The following table shows the text formatting conventions:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Format</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Normal Font</td>
<td>Font used throughout this manual.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emphasis Font</td>
<td>Font used for parameter names and the first time a new term is introduced.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cross Reference</td>
<td>When viewing the PDF version of the manual, clicking on a blue cross reference jumps you to referenced section of the manual.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTML Reference</td>
<td>When viewing the PDF version of the manual, clicking on a red cross reference opens your default web browser to the referenced section of the AMCI website if you have Internet access.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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Revision Record

This manual, 940-0D025 is the fifth release of this manual. It changes the format of the manual, adds information on the stainless steel versions of the DC25 encoders, and adds information on the integral cable option. It was first released on December 5th, 2016.

Manual Layout

You will most likely read this manual for one of two reasons:

- If you are curious about the DC25 analog encoder, this manual contains the information you need to determine if the DC25 is the right product for your application. Chapter 1, DC25 Specifications, was written for you. The chapter contains all of the information you will need to fully specify the DC25 product in your application.

- If you need to install and use the DC25, then the rest of the manual is written for you. To simplify installation and configuration, the rest of the manual is broken down into tasks. Using the DC25 requires you to complete two tasks, and the manual is broken down into sections that explain how to complete each one.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chapter Title</th>
<th>Chapter Description</th>
<th>Starting Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>DC25 Specifications</strong></td>
<td>Complete specifications of the DC25 analog output products.</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Physical Installation</strong></td>
<td>Task instructions that give you the information and steps needed to physically install a DC25 analog encoder on your machine.</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Wire Power and I/O</strong></td>
<td>Task instructions that give you the information and steps needed to wire power and I/O connections to the analog DC25. These instructions are applicable to both bench top and machine wiring.</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Overview

The analog DC25’s are members of a line of heavy-duty resolver based encoder products from AMCI. The resolver’s signals are decoded into a 12 bit position value by electronics incorporated into the DuraCoder. This 12 bit (4096 count) absolute position value is then converted to an analog output. Several different voltage and current outputs are available, as well as the amount of shaft rotation needed to generate the full scale output.

The bodies of the Analog DuraCoders are available in powder coated aluminum or 316 stainless steel and in a variety of industry standard size 25 optical encoder packages. A flange mount unit with its connector on the end is shown in figure 1. The following mounting styles are available:

- 2.5 inch flange mount
- 2.5 inch servo mount
- 63 mm blind shaft mount
- 2.65 inch face mount (AMCI standard) with 0.625" shaft for applications with high shaft loads.

A variety of inch and metric shaft sizes are available for the 2.5 inch and 63mm packages.

Your Analog DuraCoder can be ordered with a current or voltage output. The available current outputs are 4 to 20 mA or 0 to 20 mA. The available voltage outputs are 0 to +5 Vdc, 0 to +10 Vdc, or -10 to +10 Vdc.

Aluminum bodied units offer a military spec. MS3102E18-1P connector for power and I/O connections. Stainless steel units offer an industry standard M12, 8 pin, A-coded, male connector for power and I/O connections. Both end (axial) and side (radial) connector placement options are available with the aluminum body. Side (radial) connector placement is the only option with the stainless steel body. Outline drawings of the packaging options are available in the Outline Drawings section of the manual starting on page 14.

### Part Number Description

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DC25</th>
<th>HOUSING</th>
<th>SHAFT DIA.</th>
<th>OUTPUT CODING</th>
<th>CONNECTOR</th>
<th>OUTPUT PERIOD</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>F = Square Flange</td>
<td>Standard Shaft</td>
<td>DuraCoder Type = &quot;V&quot;</td>
<td>S = Side</td>
<td>K = 360° Output Signal Period</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>S = 2.5&quot; Dia. Servo Mount</td>
<td>1 = 0.375&quot; Dia.</td>
<td>1 = 0 to 5Vdc</td>
<td>E = End</td>
<td>L = 180° Output Signal Period</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>H = 63mm Blind Shaft Mount</td>
<td>2 = 10mm Dia.</td>
<td>2 = 0 to 10Vdc</td>
<td>FL = Integral Cable</td>
<td>M = 90° Output Signal Period</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3 = 0.250&quot; Dia.</td>
<td>4 = ±10Vdc</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>5 = 0.625&quot; Dia.</td>
<td>DuraCoder Type = &quot;C&quot;</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Flange Mount Only</td>
<td>1 = 4 to 20mA</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Housing = “F”</td>
<td>2 = 0 to 20mA</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Blind Shaft Hole</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1 = 0.375&quot; Dia.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2 = 10mm Dia.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3 = 0.500&quot; Dia.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>6 = 12mm Dia.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>DuraCoder Type = &quot;C&quot;</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>V = Absolute Analog Voltage</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>C = Absolute Analog Current</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 1 DC25 Resolver Based Encoder

Figure 2 Part Number Description
**Electrical Specifications**

**Operating Voltage**
4.5 Vdc to 30 Vdc maximum

**Power Requirements**
1.8 W max.
58 mA @ 24 Vdc typical
Value is the operating power and does not include current supplied by the analog output.

**Position Resolution**
- 12 bit (4,096 counts) for 360° Output Period
- 11 bit (2,048 counts) for 180° Output Period
- 10 bit (1,024 counts) for 90° Output Period
- 9 bit (512 counts) for 45° Output Period

**Position Accuracy**
±10 arc-minutes

**Position Update Time**
20 microseconds

**Maximum Output Settling Time**
5 milliseconds when switching between minimum and maximum outputs

**Direction of Increasing Counts**
Default CW looking at shaft
Can be set to CCW increasing by shorting the Direction Control Input pin to DC Return.

**Zero Position**
Can be set by pulsing the Preset to Zero Input pin from DC Return to open circuit or +DC Power. Minimum pulse width of 100 milliseconds.

**Mechanical Specifications**

**Housing**
2.5" diameter powder coated aluminum or 316 stainless steel

**Mounting Style**
Industry standard size 25 flange, servo, or blind shaft. AMCI standard heavy duty face mount.

**Available Shafts**
- Flange or Servo:
  - 0.375" dia x 0.884" long
  - 0.250" dia x 0.884" long
  - 10 mm dia x 22.45 mm long
- Blind Shaft:
  - 0.375" dia x 1.10" deep
  - 0.500" dia x 1.10" deep
  - 10 mm dia x 27.9 mm deep
  - 12 mm dia x 27.9 mm deep
- AMCI standard face mount: 0.625" dia x 1.40" long. Length includes 1.50" dia x 0.125" pilot.

**Mechanical Specifications (continued)**

**Max. Starting Torque @ 25°C**
- 0.250", 0.375", or 10 mm shafts:
  - 2.0 oz-in (1.41 N·cm):
  - All blind shafts:
    - 6.0 oz-in (4.23 N·cm)
  - 0.625" shaft:
    - 6.0 oz-in (4.23 N·cm)

**Moment of Inertia**
- 0.250", 0.375", or 10 mm shafts:
  - 6.00 X 10⁻⁴ oz-in-sec² (43.2 X 10⁻⁶ kg·cm·sec²)
  - All blind shafts:
    - 7.00 X 10⁻⁴ oz-in-sec² (50.4 X 10⁻⁶ kg·cm·sec²)
  - 0.625" shaft:
    - 8.00 X 10⁻⁴ oz-in-sec² (57.6 X 10⁻⁶ kg·cm·sec²)

**Max. Operating Speed**
6000 RPM max.

**Max. Shaft Loading (0.625" shaft)**
- Axial: 50 lbs. (222 N)
- Radial: 100 lbs. (445 N)
- At specified max. loads, minimum bearing life is 2X10⁹ revolutions.

**Max. Shaft Loading (All other shafts)**
- Axial: 20 lbs. (89 N)
- Radial: 40 lbs. (178 N)
- At specified max. loads, minimum bearing life is 2X10⁹ revolutions.

**Connector Location**
Aluminum body: Side or End
Stainless steel body: Side

**Environmental Specifications**

**Operating Temperature**
-40°F to +185°F (~40°C to +85°C) for units with a connector.
-20°F to +175°F (~29°C to +80°C) for units with an integral cable. (Cable limited.)

**Shock**
50g, 11 millisecond duration

**Vibration**
20 g, 5 to 2000 Hz

**Enclosure Rating**
IP67

**Approximate Weight**
- 2.0 lbs. (0.91 kg) 0.625" shaft
- 1.4 lbs. (0.65 kg) All other shafts
**Output Waveforms**

**Output Period**

The figure below shows the four available Output Periods when you order an AMCI Analog DuraCoder. The Output Period can be viewed as the amount of rotation needed to achieve full scale output.

![Output Period Diagram](image-url)

**Voltage Output Waveforms**

![Voltage Output Waveforms Diagram](image-url)

**Current Output Waveforms**

![Current Output Waveforms Diagram](image-url)

Figure 3  Output Periods

Figure 4  Available Voltage Outputs

Figure 5  Available Current Outputs
Output Load Calculations

Voltage Output DuraCoder

A voltage output DuraCoder can drive an output load of 2 kΩ or greater. If the output load is greater than 10 kΩ, consider installing a 10 kΩ resistor in parallel with the input terminals for greater noise immunity.

Current Output DuraCoder

The maximum load that can be driven by a current output DuraCoder depends on the power supply voltage applied to the +DC Power Input. For input voltages up to 15 Vdc, the maximum load is 420 Ω. For input voltages greater than or equal to 15 Vdc, the formula for determining the maximum load is given below along with a simple graph of the curve.

\[
R_{LOAD_{\text{MAX}}} = \frac{(\text{+DC Input Voltage}) - 5\text{Vdc}}{0.020A}
\]

Figure 6  Maximum Load Resistance - Current Output

Connector Pinouts

MS Connector - Aluminum Body

The Analog DuraCoder uses an MS3102E18-1P connector. The pinout of this connector is shown below.

Pin: Function
A: No Connection
B: No Connection
C: +DC Input Power
D: Direction Control
E: DC Return
F: Analog Output
G: No Connection
H: Case Ground
I: DC Return
J: Zero Preset Input

Pins A, B, & G: No Connection.

Pin C: +DC Input Power: Input pin to power the DuraCoder. Requires a 4.5 to 30Vdc power supply at 1.8W. This power draw does not include the current through the analog output.

Pin D: Direction Control: This pin controls which direction the shaft must rotate in to increase the analog output. With this pin open circuit, the output will increase with CCW rotation of the shaft. (While looking at the shaft.) Connecting this pin to Pin I forces the output to increase with CW rotation.

**CAUTION** This pin must never be connected to Pin C (+DC Input Power)

The connection between Pin D and Pin I (DC Return), must be done at the DC25 Connector. Do not connect a pair of wires into a custom cable and connect these pins at the other end of this cable.

Pins E and I: DC Return: These two pins are internally tied together. Pin E is the used as the return for the analog signal and pin I is used as the return for the DC power supply.

Pin F: Analog Output: This pin is the analog output and it is referenced to Pin E, DC Return.
**Connector Pinouts (continued)**

**MS Connector - Aluminum Body (continued)**

**Pin H: Case Ground:** The DuraCoder body is usually connected to earth ground through it mounting. If the DuraCoder is mounted on a non-conductive surface, or not properly bonded to a painted metal surface, consider running a stranded wire from this pin and attach it to a solid ground point near the DuraCoder. Do not connect the cable shields or power supply common to this pin as doing so may cause a ground loop between the DuraCoder and the power supply or the signal input device.

**Pin J: Zero Preset Input:** This pin is internally tied high, but not directly to the +DC Power Input on pin C. Each time Pin J is pulled low by connecting it to DC Return (Pin I), the DuraCoder’s output will be changed to its minimum value.

This pin must never be connected to Pin C (+DC Input Power)

1) *Do not* permanently tie Pin J to Pin I. The input must be released from DC Return before normal operation can resume.

2) Presetting the Analog DuraCoder’s output causes a preset value to be stored in the DuraCoder’s EEPROM memory. This memory has a maximum life of 100,000 write cycles. Therefore, presetting the output value every machine cycle should be avoided.

**M12 Connector - Stainless Steel Body**

An eight pin, A-coded, male M12 connector is used on these DC25 units. This connector is the Turck *eurofast FS 8* or equivalent. The pinout for the connector is shown below.

![I/O Connector Pinout](image)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pin</th>
<th>Single Ended Outputs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>+DC Power Input</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Direction Control</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Analog Return</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>No Connection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Analog Output</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>DC Return</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Case Ground</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Zero Preset Input</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Pin 1: +DC Input Power:** Input pin to power the DuraCoder. Requires a 4.5 to 30Vdc power supply at 1.8W. This power draw does not include the current through the analog output.

**Pin 2: Direction Control:** This pin controls which direction the shaft must rotate in to increase the analog output. With this pin open circuit, the output will increase with CCW rotation of the shaft. (While looking at the shaft.) Connecting this pin to Pin 6 (DC Return) forces the output to increase with CW rotation.

This pin must never be connected to Pin 1 (+DC Input Power)

The connection between Pin 2 and Pin 6 (DC Return), must be done as close to the DC25 as possible. If using an AMCI CNFL-5M cable, make the connections at the end of this cable. If adding an extension cable to the CNFL-5M, do not extend the wire from Pin 2.

**Pin 3: Analog Return:** A common return pin for both the analog signal and the DC power supply. If using twisted pair cabling, use this pin on the wire paired with the analog output connection.
Connector Pinouts (continued)

M12 Connector - Stainless Steel Body (continued)

**Pin 4: No Connection:** This pin can be left open if you are fabricating a custom cable. If a cordset, such as the CNFL-5M, is used, this pin should be tied to DC Return (pin 6) to prevent them from picking up any electrical noise in the environment.

**Pin 5: Analog Output:** This pin is the analog output and it is referenced to DC Return (pin 3).

**Pin 6: DC Return:** A common return pin for both the analog signal and the DC power supply. If using twisted pair cabling, use this pin on the wire paired with the +DC Power Input connection.

**Pin 7: Case Ground:** The DuraCoder body is usually connected to earth ground through its mounting. If the DuraCoder is mounted on a non-conductive surface, or not properly bonded to a painted metal surface, consider running a stranded wire from this pin and attach it to a solid ground point near the DuraCoder. Do not connect the cable shields or power supply common to this pin as doing so may cause a ground loop between the DuraCoder and the power supply or the signal input device.

**Pin 8: Zero Preset Input:** This pin is internally tied high, but not directly to the +DC Power Input on pin 1. Each time Pin 8 is pulled low by connecting it to DC Return (Pin 6), the DuraCoder’s output will be changed to its minimum value.

This pin must never be connected to Pin 1 (+DC Input Power)

**CAUTION**

1. *Do not* permanently tie Pin 8 to Pin 6. The input must be released from DC Return before normal operation can resume.

2. Presetting the Analog DuraCoder’s output causes a preset value to be stored in the DuraCoder’s EEPROM memory. This memory has a maximum life of 100,000 write cycles. Therefore, presetting the output value every machine cycle should be avoided.

Mating Connector and Cordsets

**MS Connector - Aluminum Body**

The following mating connector is for an aluminum bodied analog output DC25 available from AMCI.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AMCI #</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MSD-10</td>
<td>MS3106A18-1S, Amphenol # 97-3106A18-1S or equ. Solder cup connections. Straight, with cable clamp and rubber boot.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 1 Available Mating Connector

AMCI offers the following prewired cable for the aluminum bodied analog output DC25.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AMCI #</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CDCAV-(x)</td>
<td>Pre-wired MSD-10 with Belden 9730 or equ. (x) equals length in feet.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 2 Available Cordset
Mating Connector and Cordsets (continued)

M12 Connector - Stainless Steel Body
The following mating connector for a stainless steel analog output DC25 available from AMCI. Note that any commercially available M12 connectors with the proper coding and contacts can be used.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AMCI #</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MS-37</td>
<td>Female, A-coded, 8 contacts. Screw terminal connections. 6 to 8 mm dia. cable. Maximum 20 AWG wire dia. Straight, IP67 rated when properly installed.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 3 Available Mating Connector

AMCI offers the following cordset for use with the stainless steel analog output DC25.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AMCI #</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CNFL-5M</td>
<td>Molded cordset. 5 meters in length. Straight M12 8 pin A-coded to flying leads. IP67 rated when properly installed.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 4 Available Cordset

Integral Cable Option
Analog DC25 units are available with an integral 15 foot cable in place of a connector. The cable is Belden 9730 or equivalent. The cable contains three individually shielded twisted pairs. The outer cover is semi-ridge PVC.

The cable enters the unit through a submersible, continuous flex cord grip, Mcmaster-Carr part number 69915K64 or equivalent.

Due to the materials used in the construction of the cable and cord grip, the environmental temperature rating for Analog DC25 units with the integral cable option is –20°F to +175°F. (–29°C to +80°C)

Cable Colors

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cable Color</th>
<th>Signal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Red</td>
<td>+DC Power Input</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black/Red†</td>
<td>DC Return</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td>Analog Output</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black/White†</td>
<td>Analog Return</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Green</td>
<td>Direction Control</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black/Green†</td>
<td>DC Return</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

† Black/(color) denotes black wire of black/color pair

Table 5 Integral Cable Color Code.
Notes
1.1 Installation Guidelines

1.1.1 Electrostatic Discharge Prevention
Electrostatic discharge can damage the DC25 if the discharge is through the I/O connector. Follow these guidelines when handling the unit.

1) Touch a grounded object to discharge static potential before handling the unit.
2) Work in a static-safe environment whenever possible.
3) Do not touch the pins of the I/O connector.
4) Do not disassemble the unit

1.1.2 Suitable Environment
The DC25 has an IP67 environmental rating and can be installed in most industrial environments, including areas subject to washdown spray and temporary immersion.

![NOTE](image)
The IP67 rating is contingent on the proper installation of the mating connector and a functioning front seal.

1.1.3 Shaft Loading
A flexible coupler should be used when connecting a DC25 to a drive shaft, because any mismatch in shaft alignment will result in large radial or axial loading on the shaft of the encoder. Limit shaft loading to the following values. These values statistically yield an L10 life of $2 \times 10^9$ revolutions. (Statistically, only 10% of the bearings will have failed after $2 \times 10^9$ revolutions.) Shaft loading has an exponential effect on bearing life. The effect is actually cubic. Cutting a shaft load in half will result in an eight fold increase in bearing life.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Shaft Diameter</th>
<th>Radial Load</th>
<th>Axial Load</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0.625” shaft</td>
<td>100 lbs. (445N)</td>
<td>50 lbs. (222N)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All other shafts</td>
<td>40 lbs. (178 N)</td>
<td>20 lbs. (88 N)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 1.1 DC25 Maximum Shaft Loading Specifications

1.1.4 A Note on Cable Direction
All of the dimensional drawings for stainless steel units show the direction that the cable exits when using right angle connectors. Use this information to properly route cables when designing the DC25 mounting.
1.2 Outline Drawings

1.2.1 Flange Mount, Aluminum Body, End Connect

( ) = Dimensions in millimeters

Figure 1.1 Outline Drawing: Flange Mount, Aluminum Body, End Connector.

1.2.2 Flange Mount, Aluminum Body, Side Connect

( ) = Dimensions in millimeters

Figure 1.2 Outline Drawing: Flange Mount, Aluminum Body, Side Connector.

Additional clearance needed for removal of the mating connector.
1.2 Outline Drawings (continued)

1.2.3 Flange Mount, Stainless Steel Body, Side Connect

Figure 1.3 Outline Drawing: Flange Mount, Stainless Steel Body, Side Connector.

1.2.4 Shaft Details - Flange Mount Option

- **0.375" Shaft (Shaft Option 1)**
  - Seal: 0.67" (17.0)
  - 0.3747" (9.517)
  - 0.3744" (9.510)
  - 0.832" (21.13)
  - 0.915" (23.24)
  - 0.879" (22.33)

- **10 mm Shaft (Shaft Option 2)**
  - Seal: 0.67" (17.0)
  - 0.3934" (9.993)
  - 0.3931" (9.985)
  - 0.915" (23.24)
  - 0.879" (22.33)

- **0.250" Shaft (Shaft Option 3)**
  - Seal: 0.67" (17.0)
  - 0.2497" (6.342)
  - 0.2492" (6.330)
  - 0.832" (21.13)
  - 0.915" (23.24)
  - 0.879" (22.33)

Figure 1.4 Shaft Details - Flange Mount

() = Dimensions in millimeters

See 1.2.4 Shaft Details for shaft specifications. (0.375" shaft shown as reference.)
1.2 Outline Drawings (continued)

1.2.5 Servo Mount, Aluminum Body, End Connect

See 1.2.8 Shaft Details for shaft specifications. (0.375" shaft shown as reference.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Dimension</th>
<th>Unit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0.300&quot;</td>
<td>(7.62)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.94&quot; (23.9) max.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total clearance of 4.5&quot; (114) needed for removal of mating connector.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 1.5 Outline Drawing: Servo Mount, Aluminum Body, End Connector.

1.2.6 Servo Mount, Aluminum Body, Side Connect

See 1.2.8 Shaft Details for shaft specifications. (0.375" shaft shown as reference.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Dimension</th>
<th>Unit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0.300&quot;</td>
<td>(7.62)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.44&quot; (36.6) max.</td>
<td>Additional clearance needed for removal of the mating connector.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 1.6 Outline Drawing: Servo Mount, Aluminum Body, Side Connector.
1.2 Outline Drawings (continued)

1.2.7 Servo Mount, Stainless Steel Body, Side Connect

( ) = Dimensions in millimeters

0.54" (13.7) max.
Additional clearance needed for removal of mating connector.

See 1.2.8 Shaft Details for shaft specifications. (0.375" shaft shown as reference.)

1.2.8 Shaft Details - Servo Mount Option

0.375" Shaft (Shaft Option 1)

0.3747" (9.517)
0.3744" (9.510)
0.67" (17.0)

0.832" (21.13)
0.865" (21.97)
0.829" (21.06)

10 mm Shaft (Shaft Option 2)

0.3934" (9.993)
0.3931" (9.985)
0.67" (17.0)

0.865" (21.97)
0.829" (21.06)

0.250" Shaft (Shaft Option 3)

0.2497" (6.342)
0.2492" (6.330)
0.67" (17.0)

0.832" (21.13)
0.865" (21.97)
0.829" (21.06)

( ) = Dimensions in mm

Figure 1.7 Outline Drawing: Servo Mount, Stainless Steel Body, Side Connector.

Figure 1.8 Shaft Details - Servo Mount
1.2 Outline Drawings (continued)

1.2.9 Hub Shaft Mount, Aluminum Body, End Connect

( ) = Dimensions in millimeters

Figure 1.9 Outline Drawing: Hub Shaft Mount, Aluminum Body, End Connector.
1.2 Outline Drawings (continued)

1.2.10 Hub Shaft Mount, Aluminum Body, Side Connect

Figure 1.10 Outline Drawing: Hub Shaft Mount, Aluminum Body, Side Connector.
1.2 Outline Drawings (continued)

1.2.11 Hub Shaft Mount, Stainless Steel Body, Side Connect

Figure 1.11 Outline Drawing: Hub Shaft Mount, Stainless Steel Body, Side Connector.
1.2 Outline Drawings (continued)

1.2.12 5/8" Shaft, Face Mount, Aluminum Body, End Connect

Figure 1.12 Outline Drawing: 5/8" Shaft, Face Mount, Aluminum Body, End Connector.

KEYWAY SPECIFICATIONS

KEYWAY

- 0.1895" (4.813) Deep
- 0.1885" (4.788)
- 0.108" (2.74)
- 0.106" (2.69)

KEY

- 0.189" (4.78)
- 0.187" (4.75) Square x 1.00" (25.4)

NOTES:

1) Integral Shaft Seal.
2) 1/4-20 UNC-2B 0.50" (12.7) minimum depth. Six Places.
3) Total clearance of 4.5" (114) needed for removal of mating connector.

( ) = Dimensions in millimeters

See Keyway Specifications

See Note 1

See Note 2

See Note 3

DC25 Analog Output 5/8" Shaft Face Mount Aluminum Body End Connector

MS3102E18-1P Connector
Shaded area shows key location.
1.2 Outline Drawings (continued)

1.2.13 5/8" Shaft, Face Mount, Aluminum Body, Side Connect

Figure 1.13 Outline Drawing: 5/8" Shaft, Face Mount, Aluminum Body, Side Connector.

NOTES:
1) Integral Shaft Seal.
2) 1/4-20 UNC-2B 0.50" (12.7) minimum depth. Six Places.
3) Total clearance of 5.0" (127) needed for removal of mating connector.

KEYWAY SPECIFICATIONS

Figure 1.13 Outline Drawing: 5/8" Shaft, Face Mount, Aluminum Body, Side Connector.
1.2 Outline Drawings (continued)

1.2.14 5/8" Shaft, Face Mount, Stainless Steel Body, Side Connect

NOTES:

1) Integral Shaft Seal.
2) 1/4-20 UNC-2B 0.50" (12.7) minimum depth. Six Places.
3) Additional clearance needed for removal of mating connector.

KEYWAY SPECIFICATIONS

Figure 1.14 Outline Drawing: 5/8" Shaft, Face Mount, Stainless Steel Body, Side Connector.
1.2 Outline Drawings (continued)

1.2.15 Integral Cable Option

All aluminum bodied analog DC25 units have an integral cable option, where the cable comes axially off the back of the unit. The cable is fifteen feet in length. Figure 1.15 below shows the rear dimensions of a DC25 with the integral cable option.

![Integral Cable Option Diagram]

Figure 1.15 Integral Cable Option
**2.1 Wiring Guidelines**

An analog DC25 requires a power supply of 4.5 to 30 Vdc, (5 to 24 Vdc nominally). Power requirement is 1.8 watts maximum, with 58 mA @ 24Vdc typical.

**NOTE**

This power draw does not include the current through the analog output.

- Signals from the DC25 are low voltage, low power signals. Cables should not be run with high power AC or DC cabling.
- Signal cable can be run in conduits with other low power AC and DC signal cables. Ideally, cable will be run in metal conduit that is bonded along its entire length.
- Signal cable should not be run in parallel with high power AC or DC cabling to minimize capacitive coupling of electrical noise. If they must be run in parallel, separate them as much as possible.
- If a signal cable must cross high power AC or DC cabling, it should do so at a right angle to minimize inductive coupling of electrical noise.

**2.2 Aluminum DC25 with MS Connector**

**2.2.1 MS Connector Pinout**

The aluminum bodied analog DuraCoders uses an MS3102E18-1P connector. The pinout of this connector is shown below.

![Connector Pinout](image)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pin</th>
<th>Function</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>No Connection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>No Connection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>+DC Input Power</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>Direction Control</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>DC Return</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F</td>
<td>Analog Output</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G</td>
<td>No Connection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H</td>
<td>Case Ground</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I</td>
<td>DC Return</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J</td>
<td>Zero Preset Input</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Pins A, B, & G:** No Connection.

**Pin C: +DC Input Power:** Input pin to power the DuraCoder. Requires a 5 to 30Vdc power supply at 1.5W. This power draw does not include the current through the analog output.

**Pin D: Direction Control:** This pin controls which direction the shaft must rotate in to increase the analog output. With this pin open circuit, the output will increase with CCW rotation of the shaft. (While looking at the shaft.) Connecting this pin to Pin I forces the output to increase with CW rotation.

**CAUTION**

This pin must never be connected to Pin C (+DC Input Power)

The connection between Pin D and Pin I (DC Return), must be done at the DC25 Connector. Do not connect a pair of wires into a custom cable and connect these pins at the other end of this cable.

**Pins E and I: DC Return:** These two pins are internally tied together. Pin E is the used as the return for the analog signal and pin I is used as the return for the DC power supply.

**Pin F: Analog Output:** This pin is the analog output and it is referenced to Pin E, DC Return.
2.2 Aluminum DC25 with MS Connector (continued)

2.2.1 MS Connector Pinout (continued)

Pin H: Case Ground: The DuraCoder body is usually connected to earth ground through its mounting. If the DuraCoder is mounted on a non-conductive surface, or not properly bonded to a painted metal surface, consider running a stranded wire from this pin and attach it to a solid ground point near the DuraCoder. Do not connect the cable shields or power supply common to this pin as doing so may cause a ground loop between the DuraCoder and the power supply or the signal input device.

Pin J: Zero Preset Input: This pin is internally tied high, but not directly to the +DC Power Input on pin C. Each time Pin J is pulled low by connecting it to DC Return (Pin I), the DuraCoder’s output will be changed to its minimum value.

![CAUTION]

This pin must never be connected to Pin C (+DC Input Power)

NOTE

1) Do not permanently tie Pin J to Pin I. The input must be released from DC Return before normal operation can resume.
2) Presetting the Analog DuraCoder’s output causes a preset value to be stored in the DuraCoder’s EEPROM memory. This memory has a maximum life of 100,000 write cycles. Therefore, presetting the output value every machine cycle should be avoided.

2.2.2 Right Angle Cable Exit Direction

When designing a mounting solution for the DC25, be aware of the cable exit direction when using right angle mating connectors. The outline drawings on pages 14 through 23 show the location of the connector key in the aluminum bodied DuraCoders. Many right angled MS mating connectors can be assembled with the cable exiting in one of four directions relative to the key.

2.2.3 AMCI Mating Connector and Cable

The following mating connectors and cables are available from AMCI.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AMCI #</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MSD-10</td>
<td>MS3106A18-1S Connector. Solder cup connections. 0.56” dia. cable max. Straight, IP67 rated when properly installed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CDCAV-(x)</td>
<td>Factory assembled cable. (x) = length in feet. Assembled with MSD-10 connector and Belden 9730 cable, or equivalent.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 2.1 Available Connector and Cable
2.2 Aluminum DC25 with MS Connector (continued)

2.2.4 Sample Wiring Diagram

The wiring diagram below is for a CDCA V-(x) cable manufactured by AMCI. The wiring diagram should be followed if you are making your own cable using the MSD-10 connector.

![Figure 2.2 CDCAV-(x) Wiring Diagram](image)

1) Connector Type: MS3106A18-1S  AMCI Part Number: MSD-10
2) The case of the DuraCoder must be connected to Earth Ground. This is usually accomplished through its mounting. If not properly grounded through its mounting, a wire from Pin H must be connected to an Earth Ground point as close as possible to the DuraCoder. Do Not connect Pin H to the cable shields or power supply common. This can form a ground loop that may affect the operation of the DuraCoder.
3) CDCA V-x cable is made by AMCI with Belden 9730 cable or an exact equivalent. The 9730 is a three pair cable and the additional pair is cut off inside the jacket and left electrically isolated from the other pairs. If you are making your own cable, Belden 9729, which is a two pair cable, can be used in place of the 9730. See the notes associated with point 4 below.
4) Units are shipped with CCW increasing output when looking at the shaft. For CW increasing output, jumper Pin D to Pin I at the connector.
5) Each time Pin J detects a transition from open circuit to DC Return (Pin I), the DuraCoder’s output will be changed to its minimum value. To be changed, Pin J must be connected to Pin I for a minimum of 100 milliseconds.
   A) Do not permanently tie Pin J to Pin I. If you do, the DuraCoder will reset the output to its minimum value on every power up.
   B) Presetting the Analog DuraCoder’s output causes a preset value to be stored in the DuraCoder’s EEPROM memory. This memory has a maximum life of 100,000 write cycles. Therefore, presetting the output value every machine cycle should be avoided.
6) Use a regulated power supply with a voltage output in the range of 7 to 30Vdc. If the cable length is less than 30 feet, a power supply of 5 to 30Vdc can be used.
7) For voltage output DuraCoders, (DC25x-xxVxxx), the input device impedance must be greater than 2 kilohms. If the input impedance exceeds 10 kilohms, consider installing a 10 ohm resistor in parallel with the input terminals to improve the output’s noise immunity.
2.3 Stainless Steel DC25 with M12 Connector

2.3.1 M12 Connector Pinout

An eight pin, A-coded, male M12 connector is used on these DC25 units. This connector is the Turck eurofast FS 8 or equivalent. The pinout for the connector is shown below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pin</th>
<th>Signal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>+DC Power Input</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Direction Control</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Analog Return</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>No Connection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Analog Output</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>DC Return</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Case Ground</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Zero Preset Input</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

![Turck FS 8 or equ.](image)

Figure 3 I/O Connector Pinout

**Pin 1: +DC Input Power:** Input pin to power the DuraCoder. Requires a 5 to 30Vdc power supply at 1.5W. This power draw does not include the current through the analog output.

**Pin 2: Direction Control:** This pin controls which direction the shaft must rotate in to increase the analog output. With this pin open circuit, the output will increase with CCW rotation of the shaft. (While looking at the shaft.) Connecting this pin to Pin 6 (DC Return) forces the output to increase with CW rotation.

**CAUTION**

The connection between Pin 2 and Pin 6 (DC Return), must be done as close to the DC25 as possible. If using an AMCI CNFL-5M cable, make the connections at the end of this cable. If adding an extension cable to the CNFL-5M, do not extend the wire from Pin 2.

**Pin 3: Analog Return:** A common return pin for both the analog signal and the DC power supply. If using twisted pair cabling, use this pin on the wire paired with the analog output connection.

**Pin 4: No Connection:** This pin can be left open if you are fabricating a custom cable. If a cordset, such as the CNFL-5M, is used, this pin should be tied to DC Return (pin 6) to prevent them from picking up any electrical noise in the environment.

**Pin 5: Analog Output:** This pin is the analog output and it is referenced to DC Return (pin 3).

**Pin 6: DC Return:** A common return pin for both the analog signal and the DC power supply. If using twisted pair cabling, use this pin on the wire paired with the +DC Power Input connection.

**Pin 7: Case Ground:** The DuraCoder body is usually connected to earth ground through it mounting. If the DuraCoder is mounted on a non-conductive surface, or not properly bonded to a painted metal surface, consider running a stranded wire from this pin and attach it to a solid ground point near the DuraCoder. Do not connect the cable shields to this pin as doing so may cause a ground loop between the DuraCoder and the power supply or the signal input device.
2.3 Stainless Steel DC25 with M12 Connector (continued)

2.3.1 M12 Connector Pinout (continued)

Pin 8: Zero Preset Input: This pin is internally tied high, but not directly to the +DC Power Input on pin 1. Each time Pin 8 is pulled low by connecting it to DC Return (Pin 6), the DuraCoder’s output will be changed to its minimum value.

**CAUTION**

This pin must never be connected to Pin 1 (+DC Input Power)

**NOTE**

1) Do not permanently tie Pin 8 to Pin 6. The input must be released from DC Return before normal operation can resume.

2) Presetting the Analog DuraCoder’s output causes a preset value to be stored in the DuraCoder’s EEPROM memory. This memory has a maximum life of 100,000 write cycles. Therefore, presetting the output value every machine cycle should be avoided.

2.3.2 Right Angle Cable Exit Direction

When designing a mounting solution for the DC25, be aware of the cable exit direction when using right angle mating connectors. The stainless steel outline drawings on pages 14 through 23 show the direction the cable exits the DC25 relative to the front view of the unit.

2.3.3 AMCI Mating Connector and Cordset

AMCI offers the following mating connector and cordsets that mate with the DC25 connectors. Note that the power connector will mate with any connector or cordset that follows the M12, 4 pin, A-coded standard.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AMCI #</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MS-37</td>
<td>Screw terminal connections. 6 to 8 mm dia. cable. 20 AWG max. Straight, IP67 rated when properly installed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CNFL-5M</td>
<td>Molded cordset. 5 meters in length. Straight M12 8 pin A-coded to flying leads IP67 rated when properly installed.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 2.2 Compatible Connector and Cordset Available from AMCI
2.3 Stainless Steel DC25 with M12 Connector  (continued)

2.3.4 Sample Wiring Diagram

The diagram below shows how to wire a DC25 encoder using the CNFL-5M cable from AMCI.

![Sample Wiring Diagram](image)

**Notes:**

1. Color code is for the CNFL-5M cable available from AMCI.
2. The Direction Control pin should be tied to +DC Power for CW increasing output or DC Return for CCW increasing output.
3. Do not attach the Preset to Zero pin to +DC Power Input. Pulse this pin to DC Return to zero the analog output.
4. The N.C. (No Connection) pin should be grounded for normal operation.
5. For voltage output, if input impedance exceeds 10 kohm, consider installing a 10 kohm resistor to improve noise immunity.
6. If the DC25 is not properly grounded through its mounting, run a stranded wire from this pin to an earth ground point near DC25. If the DC25 is properly grounded through its mounting, this pin can be isolated.

Figure 2.4 Sample Wiring Diagram
2.4 Integral Cable (FL option)

All aluminum bodied analog DC25 units have an integral cable option, where the cable comes axially off the back of the unit. The cable is fifteen feet in length. Figure 1.15 below shows the rear dimensions of a DC25 with the integral cable option.

Due to the materials used in the construction of the cable and cord grip, the environmental temperature rating for Analog DC25 units with the integral cable option is –20°F to +175°F. (–29°C to +80°C)

![Figure 2.5 Integral Cable Option](image)

2.4.1 Cable Pinout

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cable Color</th>
<th>Signal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Red</td>
<td>+DC Power Input</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black/Red†</td>
<td>DC Return</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td>Analog Output</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black/White†</td>
<td>Analog Return</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Green</td>
<td>Direction Control</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black/Green†</td>
<td>DC Return</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

† Black/(color) denotes black wire of black/color pair

Table 3 Integral Cable Color Code.
2.4 Integral Cable (FL option) (continued)

2.4.2 Sample Wiring Diagram

1) The DuraCoder case must be connected to earth ground. This is usually accomplished through its mounting. If not properly grounded through its mounting, a wire from the grounding lug must be connected to an earth ground point as close as possible to the DuraCoder. Do not connect the shields to the ground lug. This can form a ground loop that may affect the operation of the DuraCoder.

2) If your extension cable has individually shielded twisted pairs, treating each shield in the FL cable and your extension cable as separate signal carrying conductors Do not tie them together at the junction box. This will result in the greatest noise immunity in the system. If your extension cable has only a single overall shield, connect all of the shields of the FL cable to this shield. Do not ground the shields at the junction box.

3) Ground the shield of the cable at the power supply earth ground only. Grounding the shields at multiple points along the run may cause ground loops that may affect operation or damage the system.

4) Each analog DuraCoder ships with CCW increasing output when looking at the shaft. For CW increasing output, short the Direction pair, (Green/Black), together at the cable junction. Do not extend the Direction pair.

5) Use a regulated power supply with a voltage range of 7 to 24 Vdc. If the total cable length is less than thirty feet, a power supply of 5 to 24 Vdc can be used.

6) For voltage output DuraCoders, the input device impedance must be greater that two kilohm. If the input device impedance exceeds ten kilohm, consider installing a ten kilohm resistor in parallel with the input terminals. This will increase the noise immunity of the voltage signal.
Notes